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INDEPENDENT TECHNICAL EXPERT REPORT

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2.3.2 Kariman Field STOIIP Estimates

The STOIIP estimates for each reservoir are tabulated from **Table 2-29** to **Table 2-33** and the Kariman Field total STOIIP volumes are shown in **Table 2-34**. **Figure 2-39** to **Figure 2-43** illustrate the depth structure maps used by RPS for the volumetric area estimates.

With respect to Figure 2-39 to Figure 2-43, RPS recognizes that there are a few instances where the P50 Best and P10 High estimate areas cross-cut the contours (i.e. Figure 2-39), which may suggest some stratigraphic components, such as possible stratigraphic limits of the well developed platform limestone, and the clastic reservoirs. Therefore, these limits were invoked to determine the areas corresponding to these cases. It is also possible that the hydrocarbon pool distribution may be fault controlled, but not necessarily that the maps are wrong because RPS does not have enough well controls at the flanks of the fields. In some instances, these cross-cutting of the contours is deliberately done by RPS in order to constraint and estimate reasonable P50 Best and P10 High areas because of lack of well penetrations in the specific reservoirs at the flanks of the fields.

This is no different to the deterministic method employed by some evaluators such as Chapman, who prefers to use the well drainage radius area to determine the Proved ("P1"), Probable ("P2") and Possible ("P3") areas by stepping out using the well spacing method criteria. By the same argument, the well drainage area method employed by Chapman also results in cross-cutting the structural contours of the fields in questions. The Reserves Evaluator then determines the reasonableness of the areas given the current available well penetrations, 3D seismic and other pertinent data at the reference date of the evaluation. RPS believes that its method is somewhat conservative in its evaluation of the PIIP for those reservoirs in question.

Figure 2-44 shows the T2A carbonate 3D seismic time horizon interpretation (performed by BGP) and the southwest-northeast ("SW-NE") dip inline 4426 through the Kariman Field. **Figure 2-45** demonstrates the BGP's carbonate horizon T2B 3D seismic time interpretation, and the northwest-southeast ("NW-SE") strike crossline 1587 through the structure.

Table 2-29 - RPS Kariman Upper T3 Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

	Kariman Field - Upper T3 Sands - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Summary as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)								
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PI0	Mean			
Area	acre	Lognor	400.0	982.0	2,411.0	1,255.0			
Thickness	ft	Normal	46.1	63.4	80.7	63.4			
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.I			
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
`Porosity	%	Normal	11.8	13.8	15.8	13.8			
Sw	%	Normal	16.4	19.4	22.4	19.4			
FVF (Bo)	rb/stb	Normal	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.15			
STOIIP	MMstb	N/A	14.9	38.8	101.0	50.8			



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Table 2-30- RPS Kariman T2 Upper Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

Kariman Field	Kariman Field - T2 Upper Sands - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Summary								
as of Ju	as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)								
Parameter	Parameter Unit Shape P90 P50 P10 Mea								
Area	Acre	Lognor	670.0	1,126.0	1,893.0	1,223.0			
Thickness	ft	Normal	20.4	30.0	39.6	30.0			
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1			
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Porosity	%	Normal	9.5	10.7	11.9	10.7			
Sw	%	Normal	19.9	23.9	27.9	23.9			
FVF (Bo)	rb/stb	Normal	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.15			
STOIIP	MMstb	N/A	8.0	15.4	28.6	17.2			

Table 2-31 - RPS Kariman T2A Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

	Kariman Field - T2A Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Summary as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)									
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PIO	Mean				
Area	acre	Lognor	780.0	1,714.0	3,766.0	2,070.0				
Thickness	ft	Normal	64.1	85.0	106.0	85.0				
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1				
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
Porosity	%	Normal	5.0	6.0	7.0	6.0				
Sw	%	Normal	19.9	21.5	23.1	21.5				
FVF (Bo)	rb/stb	Normal	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.15				
STOIIP	MMstb	N/A	16.4	38.5	90.1	47.6				



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Table 2-32 - RPS Kariman T2B Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

	Kariman Field - T2B Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Summary as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)								
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PIO	Mean			
Area	acre	Lognor	1,465.0	1,851.0	2,339.0	1,882.0			
Thickness	ft	Normal	77.7	92.4	107	92.4			
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1			
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Porosity	%	Normal	11.5	12.6	13.7	12.6			
	%	Normal	19.5	21.5	23.5	21.5			
FVF (Bo)	rb/stb	Normal	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.15			
STOIIP	MMstb	N/A	70.8	96.4	130.0	98.8			

Table 2-33 - RPS Kariman T2C Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

Kariman Field - T2C Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Summary as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)							
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PI0	Mean	
Area	acre	Lognor	963.0	1,332.0	1,843.0	1,376.0	
Thickness	ft	Normal	63.7	82.0	100.0	82.0	
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1	
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Porosity	%	Normal	9.8	11.4	13.0	11.4	
Sw	%	Normal	22.4	24.8	27.2	24.8	
FVF (Bo)	rb/stb	Normal	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.15	
STOIIP	MMstb	N/A	34.2	52.8	80.4	55.5	



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Table 2-34 - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates Summary - Kariman Field as of June 30, 2016

Kariman Field 100% Gross	RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates - Kariman Fiel as of June 30, 2016						
Reservoir Unit	P90 Low (MMstb)	P50 Best (MMstb)	P10 High (MMstb)	Mean (MMstb)			
Upper T3 Sands	14.900	38.800	101.000	50.800			
T2 Upper Sands	8.000	15.400	28.600	17.200			
T2A Carbonate	16.400	38.500	90.100	47.600			
T2B Carbonate	70.800	96.400	130.000	98.800			
T2C Carbonate	34.200	52.800	80.400	55.500			
Kariman Field Total ¹	144.300	241.900	430.100	269.900			

Notes:

- 1) The totals shown are the arithmetic sums of the Low, Mid and High Estimates. Since there is a 90% probability that each individual pool will recover a volume greater than or equal to its Low or P90 value and the volume on each pool is only partially dependent then the total P90 field volume is statistically much higher than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P90 values. Similarly, the total P10 field volume is statistically less than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P10 values. Only the arithmetic sum of the mean volumes in each pool is statistically equal to the total mean volume of the field.
- 2) RPS probabilistic Monte Carlo simulations were run using REP ** v5.31b02 software.



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2.3.3 Dolinnoe Field STOIIP Estimates

STOILE

MMstb

The STOIIP estimates for each reservoir are tabulated from Table 2-35 and Table 2-36. Table 2-37 provides the summary of STOIIP for the Dolinnoe Field. Figure 2-46 to Figure 2-47 illustrate the depth structure maps used by RPS for the volumetric area estimates. Figure 2-48 shows the BGP's Dolinnoe T2B limestone 3D seismic time horizon interpretation, and the SW-NE dip inline 4066 through well Dolinnoe-II2. Figure 2-49 shows the BGP's T2C carbonate 3D seismic time horizon interpretation, and the NW-SE strike crossline 1883 through Dolinnoe Field.

Table 2-35 - RPS Dolinnoe T2B Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

	Dolinnoe Field - T2B Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Summary as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)							
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PI0	Mean		
Area	acre	Lognor	560.0	973.0	1,692.0	1,068.0		
Thickness	ft	Normal	46.5	67.1	87.7	67.1		
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1		
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Porosity	%	Normal	8.9	10.2	11.5	10.2		
Sw	%	Normal	16.3	19.3	22.3	19.3		
FVF (Bo)	rb/stb	Normal	1.79	2.22	2.76	2.25		

N/A

Table 2-36 - RPS Dolinnoe T2C Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

7.59

15.3

30.4

17.6

Dolinnoe Field - T2C Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Summary as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)							
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PIO	Mean	
Area	acre	Lognor	541.0	906.0	1,516.0	982.0	
Thickness	ft	Normal	133	151	169	151	
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1	
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Porosity	%	Normal	8.5	9.6	10.7	9.6	
Sw	%	Normal	18.1	21.5	24.9	21.5	
FVF (Bo)	rb/stb	Normal	1.79	2.22	2.76	2.25	
STOIIP	MMstb	N/A	16.9	30.3	54.5	33.7	



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Table 2-37 - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates Summary - Dolinnoe Field as of June 30, 2016

Dolinnoe Field 100% Gross	RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates - Dolinnoe Field as of June 30, 2016						
Reservoir Unit	P90 Low (MMstb)	Mean (MMstb)					
T2B Carbonate	7.500	15.300	30.400	17.600			
T2C Carbonate	16.900	30.300	54.500	33.700			
Dolinnoe Field Total ¹	24.400	45.600	84.900	51.300			

Notes:

- 1) The totals shown are the arithmetic sums of the Low, Mid and High Estimates. Since there is a 90% probability that each individual pool will recover a volume greater than or equal to its Low or P90 value and the volume on each pool is only partially dependent then the total P90 field volume is statistically much higher than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P90 values. Similarly, the total P10 field volume is statistically less than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P10 values. Only the arithmetic sum of the mean volumes in each poll is statistically equal to the total mean volume of the field.
- 2) RPS probabilistic Monte Carlo simulations were run using REP ** v5.31b02 software.

2.3.4 Yessen Field STOIIP Estimates

The STOIIP estimates for each reservoir are tabulated from **Table 2-38** to **Table 2-42** and **Table 2-43** provides the summary of STOIIP for the Yessen Field. **Figure 2-50** to **Figure 2-54** illustrates the depth structure maps used by RPS for the volumetric area estimates **Figure 2-55** shows the BGP's T2B carbonate 3D seismic time horizon interpretation, and the SW-NE dip inline 4250 through the Yessen Field.

With respect to Figure 2-50 to Figure 2-54, RPS recognizes that there are a few instances where the P50 Best and P10 High estimate areas cross-cut the contours, Figure 2-41 for example, which may suggest some stratigraphic components, such as possible stratigraphic limits of the well developed platform limestone, and the clastic reservoirs. Therefore, these limits were invoked to determine the areas corresponding to these cases. It is also possible that the hydrocarbon pool distribution may be fault controlled, but not necessarily that the maps are wrong because RPS does not have enough well controls at the flanks of the fields. In some instances, these cross-cutting of the contours is deliberately done by RPS in order to constraint and estimate reasonable P50 Best and P10 High areas because of lack of well penetrations in the specific reservoirs at the flanks of the fields.

This is no different to the deterministic method employed by some evaluators such as Chapman, who prefers to use the well drainage radius area to determine the Proved ("P1"), Probable ("P2") and Possible ("P3") areas by stepping out using the well spacing method criteria. By the same argument, the well drainage area method employed by Chapman also results in cross-cutting the structural contours of the fields in questions. The Reserves Evaluator then determines the reasonableness of the areas given the current available well penetrations, 3D seismic and other pertinent data at the reference date of the evaluation. RPS believes that its method is somewhat conservative in its evaluation of the PIIP for those reservoirs in question.



Table 2-38 - RPS Yessen T2 Upper Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

Yessen	Yessen Field - T2 Upper Sands - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Summary								
a	as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)								
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PI0	Mean			
Area	acre	Lognor	241.0	322.0	431.0	331.0			
Thickness	ft	Normal	57.4	67.4	77.4	67.4			
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1			
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Porosity	%	Normal	7.7	9.7	11.7	9.7			
Sw	%	Normal	31.3	34.3	37.3	34.3			
FVF (Bo)	rb/stb	Normal	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.15			
STOIIP	MMstb	N/A	5.21	7.82	11.5	8.16			

Table 2-39 - RPS Yessen T2A Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

	Yessen Field - T2A Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Summary as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)							
Parameter Unit Shape P90 P50 P10 Mean								
Area	acre	Lognor	304.0	434.0	619.0	451.0		
Thickness	ft	Normal	104	126	148	126		
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1		
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Porosity	%	Normal	7.2	8.7	10.2	8.7		
Sw	%	Normal	20.9	23.9	26.9	23.9		
FVF (Bo)	rb/stb	Normal	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.15		
STOIIP	MMstb	N/A	10.0	17.6	31.0	19.4		



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Table 2-40 - RPS Yessen T2B Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

Yessen	Yessen Field - T2B Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Summary								
a	as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)								
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	P10	Mean			
Area	acre	Lognor	393.0	491.0	614.0	499.0			
Thickness	ft	Normal	98.5	113.0	127.0	113			
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1			
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Porosity	%	Normal	8.4	9.5	10.6	9.5			
Sw	%	Normal	25.6	26.7	27.8	26.7			
FVF (Bo)	rb/stb	Normal	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.15			
STOIIP	MMstb	N/A	10.6	17.4	28.5	18.7			

Table 2-41 - RPS Yessen T2C Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

Yessen	Field - T2C	Carbonate - R	PS Probabil	listic STOI	IP Summa	ry					
a	as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)										
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PI0	Mean					
Area	acre	Lognor	445.0	551.0	682.0	559.0					
Thickness	ft	Normal	133	151	162	151					
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1					
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					
Porosity	%	Normal	4.9	5.9	6.9	5.9					
Sw	%	Normal	14.8	17.8	20.8	17.8					
FVF (Bo)	rb/stb	Normal	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.15					
STOIIP	MMstb	N/A	9.78	17.1	29.8	18.7					



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Table 2-42 - RPS Yessen T1 Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

Yessen Field - TI Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Summary
as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)

Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PI0	Mean
Area	acre	Lognor	194.0	260.0	349.0	267.0
Thickness	ft	Normal	36.0	46.0	56.0	46.0
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Porosity	%	Normal	13.9	15.7	17.4	15.7
Sw	%	Normal	6.6	11.6	16.6	11.6
FVF (Bo)	rb/stb	Normal	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.15
STOIIP	MMstb	N/A	6.28	9.38	13.8	9.77

Table 2-43 - RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates Summary - Yessen Field as of June 30, 2016

Yessen Field	RPS Probabilistic STOIIP Estimates - Yessen Field as of June 30, 2016						
Reservoir Unit	P90 Low (MMstb)	P50 Best (MMstb)	P10 High (MMstb)	Mean (MMstb)			
T2 Upper Sands	5.210	7.820	11.500	8.160			
T2A Carbonate	10.000	17.600	31.000	19.400			
T2B Carbonate	10.600	17.400	28.500	18.700			
T2C Carbonate	9.780	17.100	29.800	18.700			
TI Carbonate	6.280	9.380	13.800	9.770			
Yessen Field Total ¹	41.870	69.300	114.600	74.730			

Notes:

- 1) The totals shown are the arithmetic sums of the Low, Mid and High Estimates. Since there is a 90% probability that each individual pool will recover a volume greater than or equal to its Low or P90 value and the volume on each pool is only partially dependent then the total P90 field volume is statistically much higher than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P90 values. Similarly, the total P10 field volume is statistically less than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P10 values. Only the arithmetic sum of the mean volumes in each poll is statistically equal to the total mean volume of the field.
- 2) RPS probabilistic Monte Carlo simulations were run using REPTM v5.31b02 software.



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2.3.5 Minor Oil Fields STOIIP Audit Calculation Methodology

For the other minor oil fields (Emir and North Kariman), RPS's estimates are based on scaling (up or down) from the Chapman's field estimates for the Low and Best Estimates. For the High Estimates of Emir and North Kariman fields, the RPS's Best Estimate STOIIP was scaled up based on the ratio of RPS's High to Best Estimates STOIIP of the major oil fields evaluated by RPS (refer to Table 2-44).

Chapman estimated that those minor oil fields only contain approximately 15.6% of the Emir-Oil Concession Block Proved Plus Probable ("2P") STOIIP volumes. Based on the RPS's STOIIP audit results of the major oil fields, the minor oil fields' scale factors were as follows:

- The Low Estimate STOIIP scale factor is 1.2032 which implies that the RPS's STOIIP is about +20.3% higher than the Chapman's Low (IP) Estimate STOIIP.
- The Best Estimate STOIIP scale factor is 1.1798, which suggests that RPS's STOIIP is +18.0% lower than Chapman's Best Estimate (2P) STOIIP.
- The High Estimate STOIIP scale factor is 1.7647 derived from the ratio of RPS's High to Best Estimates STOIIP of the major fields. This implies that the RPS's High Estimate STOIIP is about +76.5% higher that it's Best Estimate STOIIP.

Table 2-44 - Emir-Oil Concession Block Grand Total STOIIP Estimates and Minor Oil Fields Scaled STOIIP as of June 30, 2016

	Cha	Chapman (MMstb)			RPS (MMstb)			
Fields	Low	Best	High	Low	Best	High		
Dolinnoe	38.048	40.666	41.717	24.400	45.600	84.900		
Kariman	132.391	208.894	212.497	144.300	241.900	430.100		
Yessen	4.566	52.835	75.082	41.870	69.280	114.600		
Total	175.01	302.40	329.30	210.570	356.780	629.600		
Ratio				1.2032	1.1798	1.7647		
Emir	10.82	31.45	52.51	13.014	37.102	65.472		
N. Kariman	10.64	24.59	27.78	12.797	29.008	51.190		
Grand Total	196.46	358.43	409.59	236.381	422.890	746.262		

For completeness, the BGP's Emir T2A limestone depth structure map is shown in Figure 2-56. The T2B carbonate 3D seismic time horizon interpretation and SW-NE dip inline 3754 through the Emir Field are shown in Figure 2-57. The BGP's T2C limestone 3D seismic time horizon interpretation, and NW-SE 3D seismic strike crossline 2059 through Emir Field are included in Figure 2-58.

The North Kariman Field BGP's T2C depth map (Figure 2-59), T2C 3D seismic time horizon interpretation and SW-NE dip inline 4262 are illustrated in Figure 2-60.

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2.3.6 Aksaz Field GIIP and CIIP Estimates

The Aksaz Field is a gas-condensate field and only gas and condensate are currently being produced. However, Chapman has treated this field as an oil field and estimated the STOIIP volumes instead of the Gas Initially In-Place ("GIIP") and Condensate Initially In-Place ("CIIP") volumes. RPS has treated this field as a gas-condensate field and as such has estimated the CIIP and GIIP volumes from the Aksaz Field.

RPS's GIIP and CIIP estimates for each reservoir are tabulated from Table 2-45 to

Table 2-50. Table 2-51 and **Table 2-52** provide the summary of GIIP and CIIP, respectively for the Aksaz Field. **Figure 2-61** to **Figure 2-63** illustrated the depth structure maps used by RPS for the volumetric area estimates. **Figure 2-64** shows the BGP's T2B limestone 3D seismic time horizon interpretation, and the dip inline 3690 through the Aksaz Field. **Figure 2-65** shows the T2C carbonate seismic time horizon interpretation and the NW-SE strike crossline 1775 through the Aksaz Field.

Table 2-45 - RPS Aksaz T2B Probabilistic GIIP and CIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

Aksaz Field - T2B Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic GIIP and CIIP Summary as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)							
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PI0	Mean	
Area	acre	Lognor	327.0	407.0	507.0	413.0	
Thickness	ft	Normal	37.8	42.7	47.6	42.7	
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1	
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Porosity	%	Normal	5.5	7.7	9.9	7.7	
Sw	%	Normal	9.13	10.6	11.7	11.7	
Wet gas FVF (1/Bg)	scf/rcf	Normal	275.0	287.0	300.0	287.0	
Cond/gas ratio	stb/MMscf	Normal	126.0	153.0	185.0	154.0	
GIIP	Bscf	N/A	8.14	12.4	17.9	12.8	
CIIP	MMstb	N/A	1.20	1.91	2.89	1.99	



Table 2-46 - RPS Aksaz T2C Probabilistic GIIP and CIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

Aksaz Field - T2C Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic GIIP and CIIP Summary as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)							
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PI0	Ме	
Area	acre	Lognor	135.0	405.0	1,218.0	586	
Thickness	ft	Normal	21.2	28.7	36.2	28	
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85	
Deg. of fill	%	Single	0.001	100.0	100.0	100	
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100	
Porosity	%	Normal	6.1	7.1	8.1	7.	
Sw	%	Normal	13.8	16.7	19.6	16	
Wet gas FVF (1/Bg)	scf/rcf	Normal	275.0	287.0	300.0	287	
Cond/gas ratio	stb/MMscf	Normal	126.0	/53.0	185.0	154	
GIIP	Bscf	N/A	2.25	7.14	22.3	10	
CIIP	MMstb	N/A	0.342	1.10	3.48	1.6	

Table 2-47 - RPS Aksaz T2C-1 Probabilistic GIIP and CIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

Aksaz Field - T2C-I Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic GIIP and CIIP Summary as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)							
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PI0	Mear	
Area	acre	Lognor	135.0	405.0	1,218.0	586.0	
Thickness	ft	Normal	24.8	42.4	60.0	42.4	
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1	
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Porosity	%_	Normal	6.9	7.9	8.9	7.9	
Sw	%	Normal	8.1	9.5	10.9	9.5	
Wet gas FVF (I/Bg)	scf/rcf	Normal	275.0	287.0	300.0	287.0	
Cond/gas ratio	stb/MMscf	Normal	126.0	153.0	185.0	154.0	
GIIP	Bscf	N/A	3.62	12.4	40.3	18.6	
CIIP	MMstb	N/A	0.550	1.92	6.31	2.9	



OF EMIR-OIL CONCESSION BLOCK, ONSHORE KAZAKHSTAN AS OF JULY 1, 2016

Table 2-48 - RPS Aksaz T2C-2 Probabilistic GIIP and CIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

	Aksaz Field - T2C-2 Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic GIIP and CIIP Summary as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)							
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	P10	Mean		
Area	acre	Lognor	135.0	405.0	1,218.0	586.0		
Thickness	ft	Lognor	22.5	30.0	40.0	30.8		
Shape factor	%	Lognor	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1		
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Porosity	%	Lognor	10.80	12.50	14.50	12.60		
Sw	%	Lognor	16.2	18.0	20.0	18.1		
Wet gas FVF (I/Bg)	scf/rcf	Lognor	275.0	287.0	300.0	287.0		
Cond/gas ratio	stb/MMscf	Lognor	126.0	153.0	185.0	154.0		
GIIP	Bscf	N/A	4.164	13.310	41.680	19.49		
CIIP	MMstb	N/A	0.631	2.031	6.440	3.017		

Table 2-49 - RPS Aksaz T2C-3 Probabilistic GIIP and CIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

	Aksaz Field - T2C-3 Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic GIIP and CIIP Summary as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)							
Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PI0	Mean		
Area	acre	Lognor	135.0	405.0	1,218.0	586.0		
Thickness	ft	Normal	31.8	33.8	35.8	33.8		
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1		
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Porosity	%	Normal	6.2	8.3	10.4	8.3		
Sw	%	Normal	16.7	17.1	17.5	17.1		
Wet gas FVF (I/Bg)	scf/rcf	Normal	275.0	287.0	300.0	287.0		
Cond/gas ratio	stb/MMscf	Normal	126.0	153.0	185.0	154.0		
GIIP	Bscf	N/A	3.11	9.76	30.5	134.3		
CIIP	MMstb	N/A	0.473	1.51	4.79	2.23		



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Table 2-50 - RPS Aksaz T1 Probabilistic GIIP and CIIP Estimates as of June 30, 2016

Aksaz Field - T1 Carbonate - RPS Probabilistic GIIP and CIIP Summary
as of June 30, 2016 (100% Gross Licence Interest Basis)

Parameter	Unit	Shape	P90	P50	PI0	Mean
Area	acre	Lognor	65.0	97.7	147.0	103.0
Thickness	ft	Normal	8.8	11.5	15.0	11.7
Shape factor	%	Normal	80.3	85.0	90.0	85.1
Deg. of fill	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Net-to-gross	%	Single	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Porosity	%	Normal	13.20	15.00	17.00	15.10
Sw	%	Normal	12.5	15.0	18.0	15.2
Wet gas FVF (1/Bg)	scf/rcf	Normal	275.0	287.0	300.0	287.0
Cond/gas ratio	stb/ MM scf	Normal	126.0	153.0	185.0	154.0
GIIP	Bscf	N/A	0.849	1.49	2.50	1.60
CIIP	MMstb	N/A	0.126	0.229	0.398	0.250

Table 2-51 - RPS Probabilistic GIIP Estimates Summary - Aksaz Field as of June 30, 2016

Gas Initially In-Place (GIIP)	RPS Probabilistic GIIP Estimates - Aksaz Field as of June 30, 2016				
Reservoir Unit	P90 Low (Bscf)	P50 Best (Bscf)	P10 High (Bscf)	Mean (Bscf)	
T2B Carbonate	8.140	12.400	17.900	12.800	
T2C Carbonate	2.250	7.140	22.300	10.400	
T2C-I Carbonate	3.620	12.400	40.300	18.600	
T2C-2 Carbonate	4.164	13.310	41.680	19.490	
T2C-3 Carbonate	3.110	9.760	30.500	14.300	
T1 Carbonate	0.849	1.490	2.500	1.600	
Aksaz Field Total	22.133	56.500	155.180	77.190	

Notes:

- 1) The totals shown are the arithmetic sums of the Low, Mid and High Estimates. Since there is a 90% probability that each individual pool will recover a volume greater than or equal to its Low or P90 value and the volume on each pool is only partially dependent then the total P90 field volume is statistically much higher than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P90 values. Similarly, the total P10 field volume is statistically less than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P10 values. Only the arithmetic sum of the mean volumes in each poll is statistically equal to the total mean volume of the field.
- 2) RPS probabilistic Monte Carlo simulations were run using REP v5.31b02 software.



OF EMIR-OIL CONCESSION BLOCK, ONSHORE KAZAKHSTAN AS OF JULY 1, 2016

Table 2-52 - RPS Probabilistic CIIP Estimates Summary - Aksaz Field as of June 30, 2016

Condensate Initially In-Place (CIIP)	RPS Probabilistic CIIP Estimates - Aksaz Field as of June 30, 2016				
Reservoir Unit	P90 Low (MMstb)	P50 Best (MMstb)	P10 High (MMstb)	Mean (MMstb)	
T2B Carbonate	1.200	1.910	2.890	1.990	
T2C Carbonate	0.342	1.100	3.480	1.630	
T2C-1 Carbonate	0.657	2.167	7.019	3.269	
T2C-2 Carbonate	0.631	2.031	6.440	3.017	
T2C-3 Carbonate	0.473	1.510	4.790	2.230	
TI Carbonate	0.126	0.229	0.390	0.250	
Aksaz Field Total ¹	3.322	8.700	24.300	12.017	

Notes:

- 1) The totals shown are the arithmetic sums of the Low, Mid and High Estimates. Since there is a 90% probability that each individual pool will recover a volume greater than or equal to its Low or P90 value and the volume on each pool is only partially dependent then the total P90 field volume is statistically much higher than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P90 values. Similarly, the total P10 field volume is statistically less than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P10 values. Only the arithmetic sum of the mean volumes in each poll is statistically equal to the total mean volume of the field.
- 2) RPS probabilistic Monte Carlo simulations were run using REP ** v5.31b02 software.



OF EMIR-OIL CONCESSION BLOCK, ONSHORE KAZAKHSTAN AS OF JULY 1, 2016

2.3.7 Emir-Oil Concession Block STOIIP, GIIP and CIIP Summary

Table 2-53 shows the overall grand total Emir-Oil Concession Block STOIIP estimates for the producing and discovered fields.

Table 2-53 - Emir-Oil Concession Block 100% Gross Total STOIIP Estimates

Field	RPS Estimates as of June 30, 2016				
	P90 Low (MMstb)	P50 Best (MMstb)	P10 High (MMstb)		
Dolinno <u>e</u> 1	24.4	45.6	84.9		
Kariman ¹	144.3	241.9	430.I		
Yessen '	41,87	69.28	114.6		
Emir ²	14.87	66.12	116.69		
North Kariman ²	14.87	28.06	49.51		
Grand Total ³	232.93	450.96	795.8		

Notes:

- 1) RPS utilised Monte Carlo simulation technique using REPTM v5.31b02 software to derive its probabilistic STOIIP volumes for the Dolinnoe, Kariman and Yessen fields.
- 2) RPS's volumes for the Emir and North Kariman fields were derived by scaling up or down from the Chapman's volumes, using the scale factors determined from the three main fields (Dolinnoe, Kariman and Yessen) evaluated by RPS. The three main fields (Dolinnoe, Kariman and Yessen) total Best Estimate STOIIP covers about 79% of the Chapman's Total 2P STOIIP estimates.
- 3) Arithmetic total from sums of all of the above fields' reservoir layers.

The Emir-Oil Concession Block GIIP and CIIP volumes in the Aksaz Field Production Contract are summarised in **Table 2-54** and **Table 2-55**, respectively.



OF EMIR-OIL CONCESSION BLOCK, ONSHORE KAZAKHSTAN AS OF JULY 1, 2016

Table 2-54 - Aksaz Field RPS 100% Gross GIIP Probabilistic Estimates

Gas Initially In-Place (GIIP) Reservoir Unit	RPS Probabilistic GIIP Estimates - Aksaz Field as of June 30, 2016				
	P90 Low (Bscf)	P50 Best (Bscf)	PIO High (Bscf)	Mean (Bscf)	
T2B Carbonate	8.140	12.400	17.900	12.800	
T2C Carbonate	2.250	7.140	22.300	10.400	
T2C-1 Carbonate	3.620	12.400	40.300	18.600	
T2C-2 Carbonate	4.164	13.310	41.680	19.490	
T2C-3 Carbonate	3.110	9.760	30.500	14.300	
T1 Carbonate	0.849	1.490	2.500	1.600	
Aksaz Field Total	22.133	56.500	155.180	77.190	

Notes:

- 1) The totals shown are the arithmetic sums of the Low, Mid and High Estimates. Since there is a 90% probability that each individual pool will recover a volume greater than or equal to its Low or P90 value and the volume on each pool is only partially dependent then the total P90 field volume is statistically much higher than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P90 values. Similarly, the total P10 field volume is statistically less than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P10 values. Only the arithmetic sum of the mean volumes in each poll is statistically equal to the total mean volume of the field.
- 2) RPS probabilistic Monte Carlo simulations were run using REP™ v5.31b02 software.

Table 2-55 – Aksaz Field RPS 100% Gross CIIP Probabilistic Estimates

Condensate Initially In-Place (CIIP)	RPS Probabilistic CIIP Estimates - Aksaz Field as of June 30, 2016 (MMstb)				
Reservoir Unit	P90 Low (MMstb)	P50 Best (MMstb)	P10 High (MMstb)	Mean (MMstb)	
T2B Carbonate	1.200	1.910	2.890	1.990	
T2C Carbonate	0.342	1.100	3.480	1.630	
T2C-1 Carbonate	0.550	1.920	6.310	2.900	
T2C-2 Carbonate	0.631	2.031	6.440	3.017	
T2C-3 Carbonate	0.473	1.510	4.790	2.230	
T1 Carbonate	0.126	0.229	0.390	0.250	
Aksaz Field Total 1	3.322	8.700	24.300	12.017	

Notes:

- 1) The totals shown are the arithmetic sums of the Low, Mid and High Estimates. Since there is a 90% probability that each individual pool will recover a volume greater than or equal to its Low or P90 value and the volume on each pool is only partially dependent then the total P90 field volume is statistically much higher than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P90 values. Similarly, the total P10 field volume is statistically less than the arithmetic sum of individual pool P10 values. Only the arithmetic sum of the mean volumes in each poll is statistically equal to the total mean volume of the field.
- 2) RPS probabilistic Monte Carlo simulations were run using REP™ v5.31b02 software.



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2.3.8 Borly Structure

The Borly Structure had already been drilled by two wells (Borly-2 and Borly-2STI). The Borly-2 reportedly encountered some hydrocarbon shows in the Triassic reservoirs between the interval of 2916.7 – 2994.6 m MDKB. The Operator re-entered the Borly-2 well in 2012 and sidetracked this well as Borly-2STI. The Triassic reservoirs were tested but did not flow any commercial hydrocarbon to surface despite being acid-frac and Nitrogen gas lifted. Therefore, RPS did not book any reserves in the Borly structure. Examples of the Chapman's map and well logs analysis over the Triassic reservoirs in this structure are illustrated in **Figure 2-66** and **Figure 2-67**, respectively.

2.3.9 Emir-Oil Concession Block Prospective Resources

The Operator has identified several prospects. The prospects include areas within the current production contracts (Aksaz, Dolinnoe, Emir and Kariman) as well as the areas outside the production contracts (Borly, Begesh, East Saura, Aidai, North Aidai, and Tanirbergen) within the exploration contract areas. These can be referenced in **Figure 2-68** to **Figure 2-76**.

Chapman has estimated the prospective resources volumes in its report and these are included in **Table 2-56** below. RPS did not independently evaluate any of these prospects hence did not opine on the Prospective Resources volumes and risks (presence and effectiveness of the reservoirs, trap, seal, source rock maturity, hydrocarbon migration and timing), nor ascribe any monetary values to any of the prospects in the IVR.

Previously, Chapman⁴ reported Unrisked Prospective Resources of 167.202, 222.936, and 278.672 MMstb for the Low, Best and High scenarios in the Chapman 2015 Report. Comparing the two reports RPS notes that:

- 1) Chapman has decreased the Kariman Prospect STOIIP from 233.796 MMstb in the Chapman 2115 Report to 221.419 MMstb in the Chapman Report. Consequently, the Unrisked Low, Best and High Estimates Prospective Resources volumes have been reduced from 35.069 to 33.213 MMstb, 46.759 to 44.284 MMstb and 58.449 to 55.355 MMstb, respectively.
- 2) In the Chapman Report, Chapman has decreased the Begesh Prospect STOIIP from 76.976 to 49.423 MMstb. The Unrisked Low, Best and High Estimates Prospective Resources volumes were also reduced from 11.546 to 7.413 MMstb, 15.395 to 9.885 MMstb and 19.244 to 12.356 MMstb, respectively. However, Chapman has increased the Geological Chance of Success ("GCOS") from 18% to 21% in the Chapman Report.
- 3) Chapman has decreased the East Saura Prospect STOIIP from 65.156 MMstb down to 41.834 MMstb in the Chapman report. Resulting in the Unrisked Low, Best and High Estimates Prospective Resources volumes being reduced from 9.773 to 6.275, 13.031 to 8.367 and 16.289 to 10.458 MMstb, respectively. However, Chapman has increased the GCOS from 18% to 21% in the Chapman Report.
- 4) In Chapman Report, the North Aidai Prospect has been replaced with Aidai (AD-AI, AD-A2) Prospect. Chapman has increased the Aidai Prospect STOIIP from 29.599 to 314.063 MMstb. The Unrisked Low, Best and High Estimates Prospective Resources volumes are also increased from 4.440 to 47.109 MMstb, 5.920 to 62.813 MMstb and 7.400 to 78.516 MMstb, respectively. In addition, Chapman has increased the GCOS from 18% to 21%.
- 5) Chapman has decreased the Tanirbergen Prospect STOIIP from 159.814 down to 102.610 MMstb in the Chapman report. Consequently, the Unrisked Low, Best and High Estimates Prospective Resources volumes are reduced from 23.972 to 15.392 MMstb, 31.963 to 20.522 and 39.954 to 25.653 MMstb, respectively. However, Chapman has increased the GCOS from 18% to 21% in the Chapman Report.

⁴ As reported in Appendix A "Reserve and Economic Evaluation Oil and Gas Properties ADEK Block Republic of Kazakhstan January 1, 2015 by Chapman Petroleum Engineering Ltd.



OF EMIR-OIL CONCESSION BLOCK, ONSHORE KAZAKHSTAN AS OF JULY 1, 2016

Table 2-56 – Emir-Oil Concession Block Unrisked Gross 100% Licence Interest Prospective Resources Summary as of January 1, 2016 (from Chapman Report)

ADEK Block and NW Areas		Single Estimate	Unrisked Prospective Resources			
Prospective Area	Prospective Zones ²	STOIIP (MMstb) ³	Low (MMstb)	Best (MMstb)	High (MMstb)	GCOS (%) ⁴
ADEK Block						
Aksaz	Combined Triassic	41.700	6.255	8.340	10.425	34%
Borly	Combined Triassic	2 57.93 1	38.690	51.586	64.483	24%
Dolinnoe	Combined Triassic	133.110	19.967	26.622	33.278	34%
Emir	Combined Triassic	116.601	17.490	23.320	29.150	22%
Kariman	Combined Triassic	221.419	33.213	44.284	55.355	34%
	Total	770.762	115.614	154.152	192.691	
NW Areas						
Begesh	Combined Triassic	49.423	7.413	9.885	12.356	21%
East Saura	Combined Triassic	41.834	6.275	8.367	10.458	21%
Aidai and North Aidai	Combined Triassic	314.063	47.109	62.813	78.516	21%
Tanirbergen	Combined Triassic	102.610	15.392	20.522	25.653	21%
	Total	507.931	76.190	101.586	126.982	
	Grand Total 5	1,278,693	191.804	255.738	319.673	-

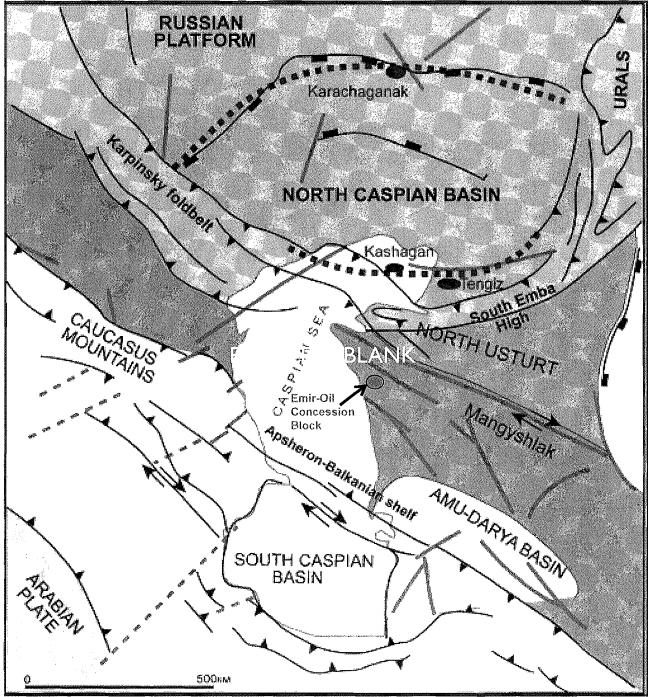
Notes:

- 1) As reported in Appendix A "Evaluation of Reserve and Prospective Resources Oil and Gas Properties, ADEK Block (Licence Area), Mangistau Oblast, Republic of Kazakhstan for MIE Holdings Corporation, December 31, 2015 (January 1, 2016)", Chapman Petroleum Engineering Ltd.
- 2) The "Combined Triassic" prospective zones include multiple prospective reservoir layers.
- 3) Chapman only provide a single estimate STOIIP volume for each prospect, for all the Low, Best and High Estimates cases combined with a constant 15%, 20% and 25% recovery factor for the Low, Best and High scenarios, respectively.
- GCOS means "Geological Chance of Success".
- 5) Arithmetic total from sums of all of the above identified prospects.

MIE's business update to investors dated June 15, 2016 announced that MIE's subsidiary, Emir-Oil LLP, first exploration well in the Aidai block ("Aidai-1") was a discovery. The well was completed in June 2015 at a total depth of 5,080m and confirmed the presence of oil and gas bearing reservoirs in Triassic sandstone formation. The well flowed 47 stb/d oil and 790 Mscf/d from the interval 3,704–3,766 m. The Operator reports that logs indicate oil and gas shows in other Triassic sandstone intervals and intends to test these intervals sequentially.



of Emir-Oil Concession Block, Onshore Kazakhstan as of July 1, 2016



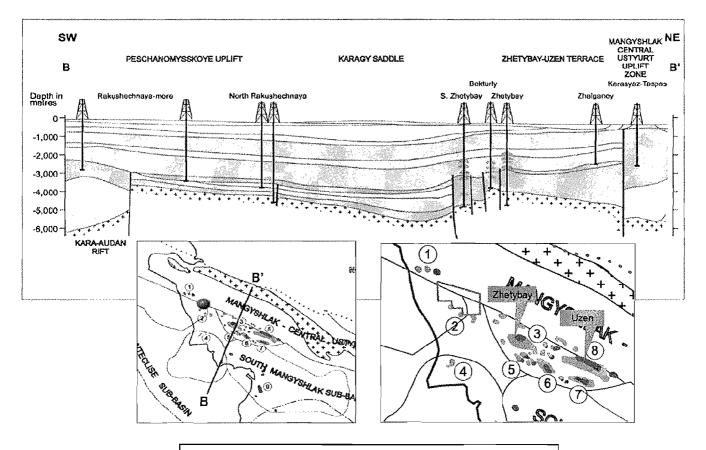
Source: Kuandykov et al., 2010.

<u>Source</u>: Kuandykov, et al. 2010 from "*Technically Recoverable Shale Oil and Shale Gas Resources: Kazakhstan*" Figure 2, U.S. Energy Information Administration, Washington, DC 20585, September 2015.

Figure 2-1 – Emir-Oil Concession Block Regional Geological Setting Map



of Emir-Oil Concession Block, Onshore Kazakhstan as of July 1, 2016

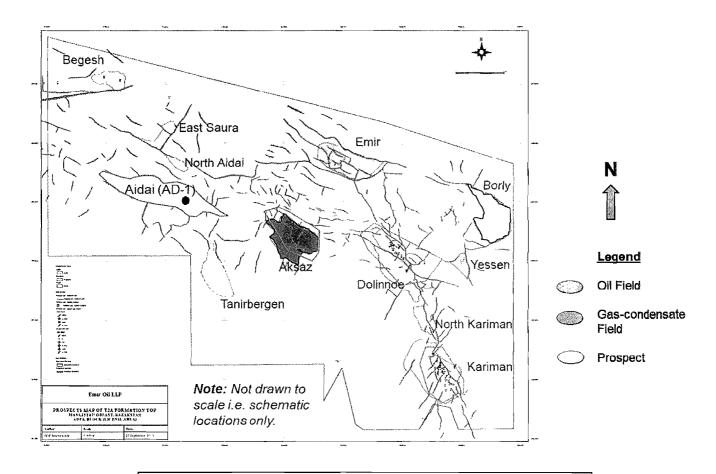


Source: Emir-Oil LLP Management Presentation, January 2015.

Figure 2-2 – Regional Mangyshlak Basin Structural Cross Section



OF EMIR-OIL CONCESSION BLOCK, ONSHORE KAZAKHSTAN AS OF JULY 1, 2016

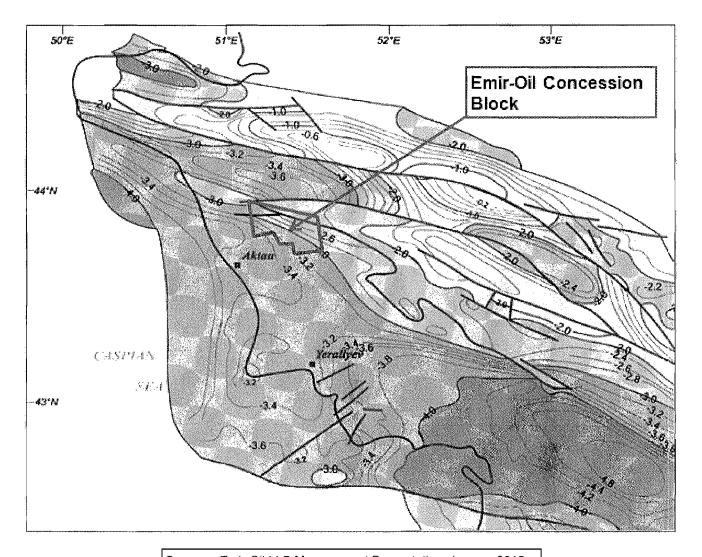


Source: Modified from Emir-Oil LLP Management Presentation, January 2015.

Figure 2-3 - Fields and Prospects in Emir-Oil Concession Block



of Emir-Oil Concession Block, Onshore Kazakhstan as of July 1, 2016



Source: Emir-Oil LLP Management Presentation, January 2015.

Figure 2-4 - Emir-Oil Concession Block Tectonic Location Map



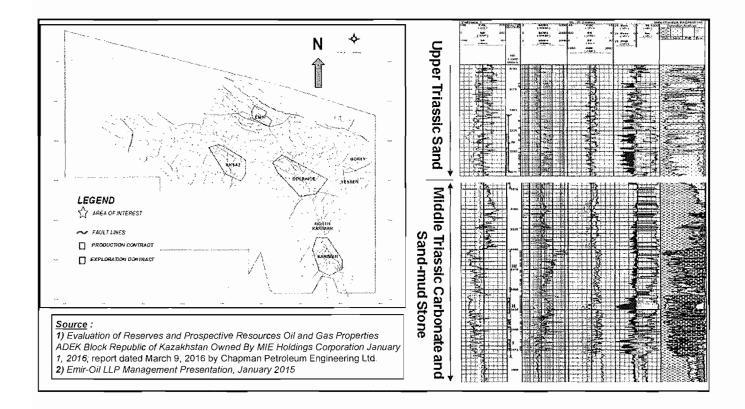


Figure 2-5 – Production and Exploration Areas, and Type Logs



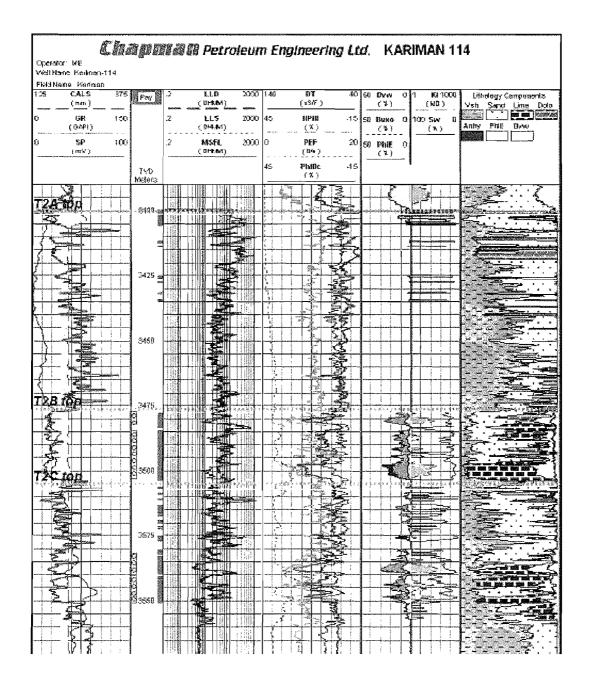


Figure 2-6 - Example Reservoirs in Well Kariman-114



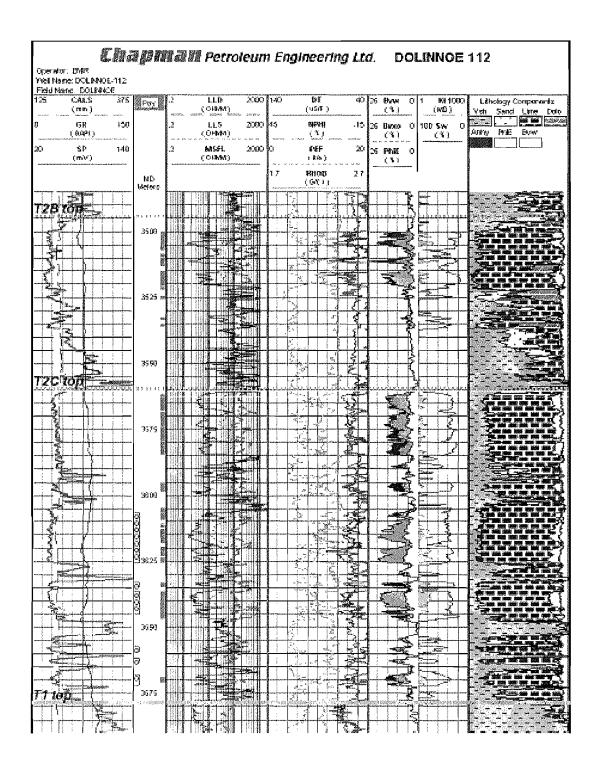
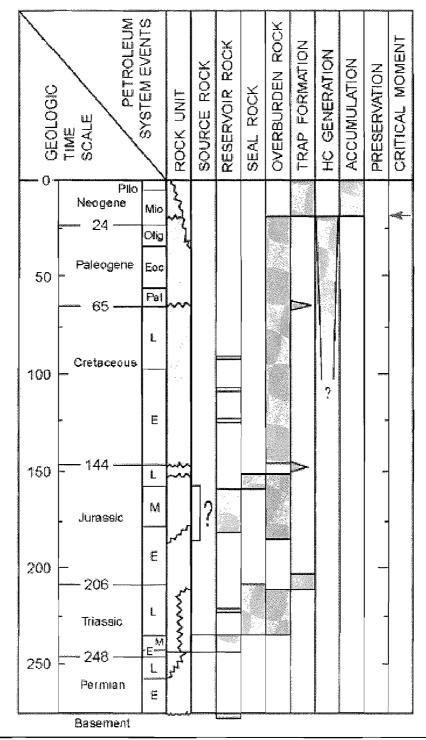


Figure 2-7 - Example Reservoirs in Well Dolinnoe-112



of Emir-Oil Concession Block, Onshore Kazakhstan as of July 1, 2016

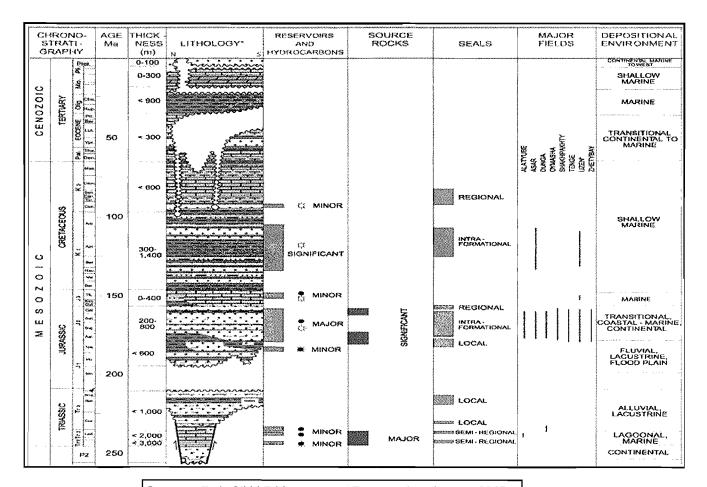


<u>Source</u>: Ulmishek 2001 from "*Technically Recoverable Shale Oil and Shale Gas Resources: Kazakhstan*" Figure 19, U.S. Energy Information Administration, Washington, DC 20585, September 2015.

Figure 2-8 – South Mangyshlak Kazakhstan Generalized Stratigraphic Column



OF EMIR-OIL CONCESSION BLOCK, ONSHORE KAZAKHSTAN AS OF JULY 1, 2016



Source: Emir-Oil LLP Management Presentation, January 2015.

Figure 2-9 – South Mangyshlak Kazakhstan Detailed Stratigraphic Column



of Emir-Oil Concession Block, Onshore Kazakhstan as of July 1, 2016

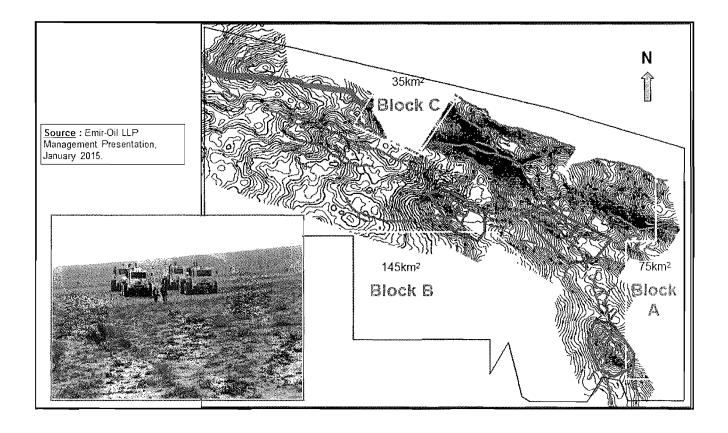


Figure 2-10 – 2013 3D Seismic Reprocessing and New Infill 3D Surveys Mega Cube Map

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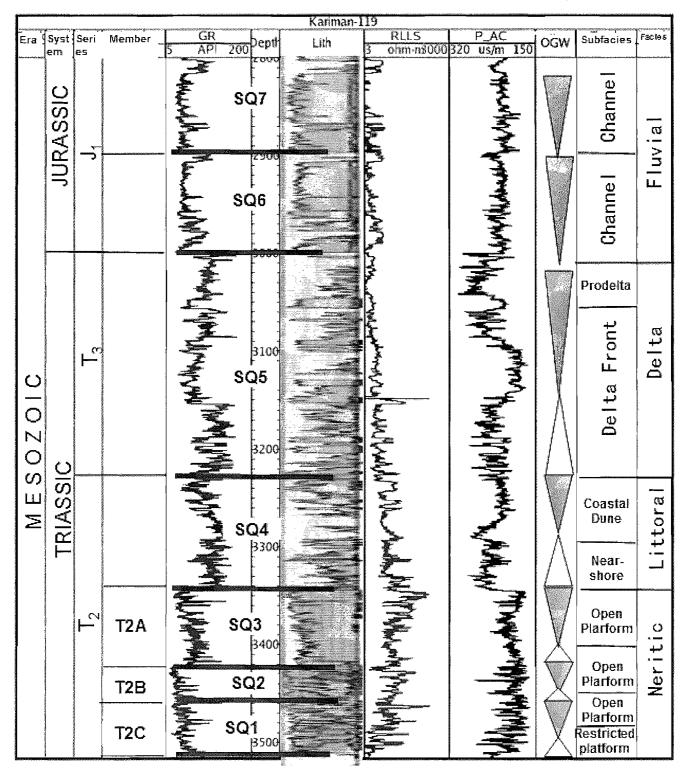


Figure 2-11 – Kariman K-119 Sequence Stratigraphic Column and Depositional Environment



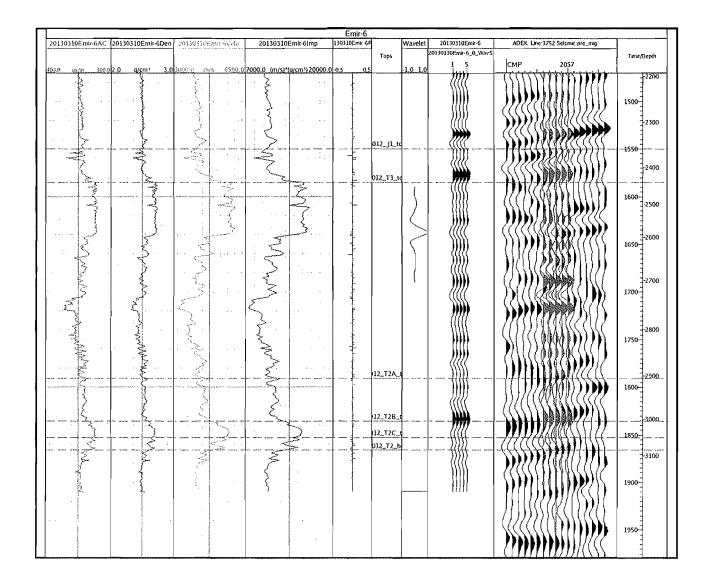


Figure 2-12 - Well Emir-6 Synthetic Seismogram Based on Acoustic Logs



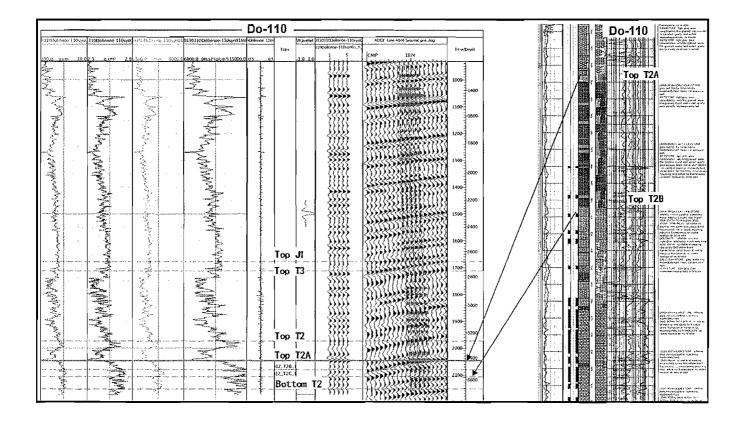


Figure 2-13 – Well Dolinnoe-110 Synthetic Seismogram Based on Acoustic Logs



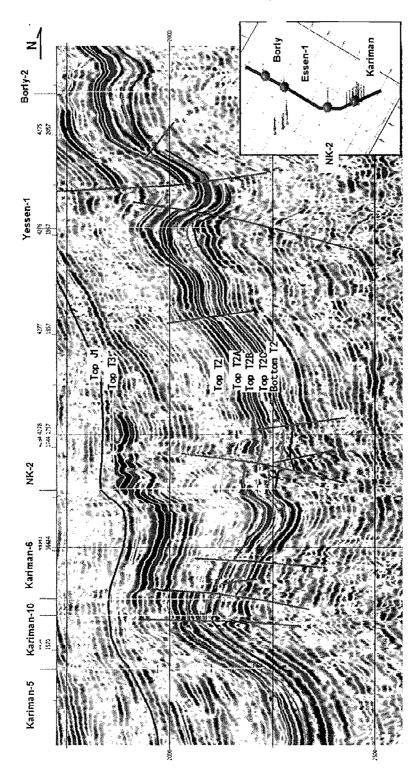


Figure 2-14 – 3D Seismic Time Cross Section through Kariman, North Kariman, Yessen and Borly Wells



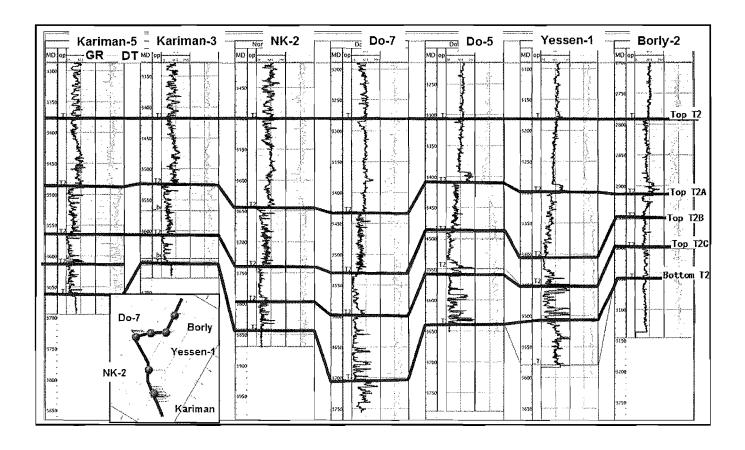


Figure 2-15 – Stratigraphic Cross Section through Kariman, North Kariman, Dolinnoe, Yessen and Borly Wells



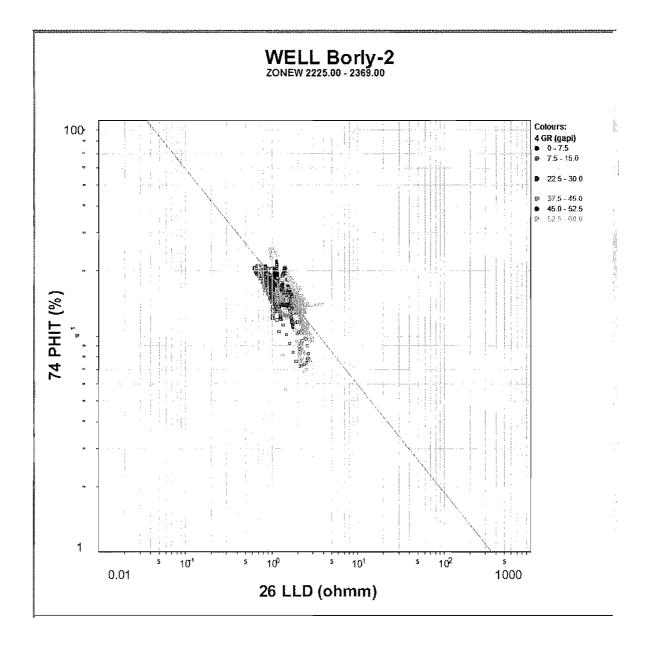
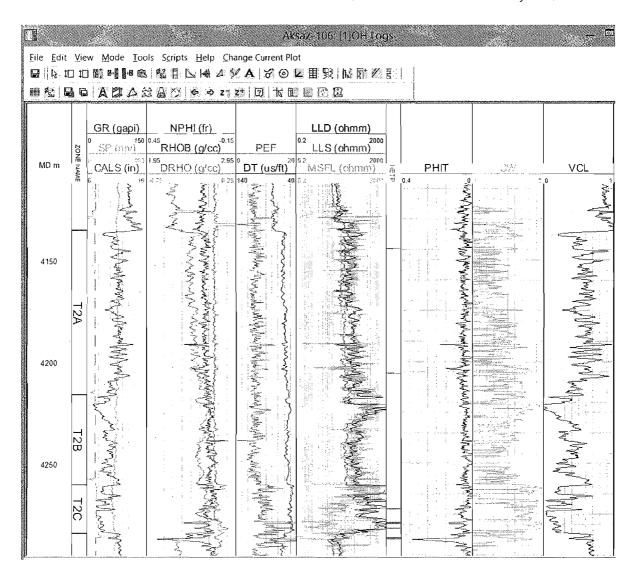


Figure 2-16 - Borly-2ST1 Pickett Plot



of Emir-Oil Concession Block, Onshore Kazakhstan as of July 1, 2016



Net Pay Flag NETP (track 7) of the plot was derived from set-2 cutoffs:

VCL<= 0.5 PHIT>= 0.08 SW<=0.5

Figure 2-17 – RPS Petrophysical Results Aksaz-106 CPI Plot



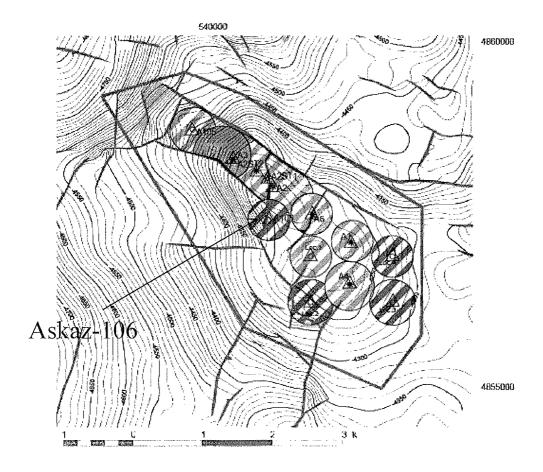


Figure 2-18 - Chapman Report Aksaz Field T2C Depth Map



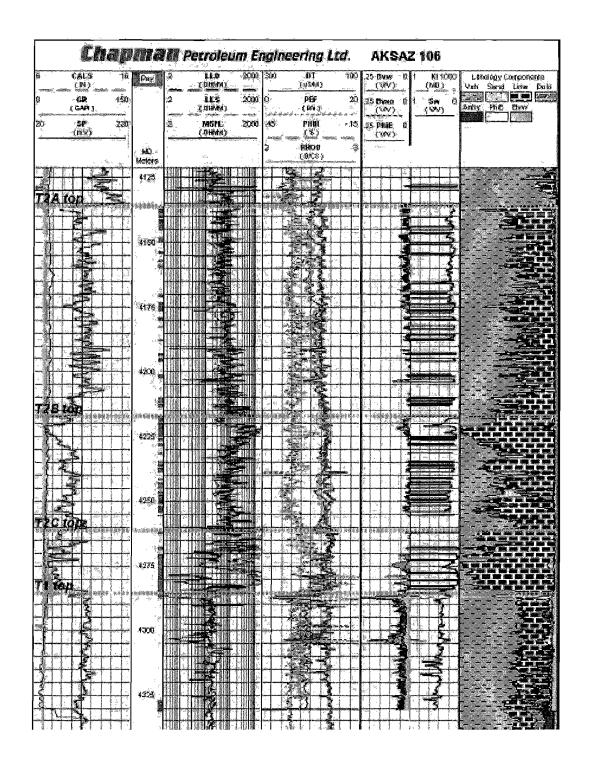
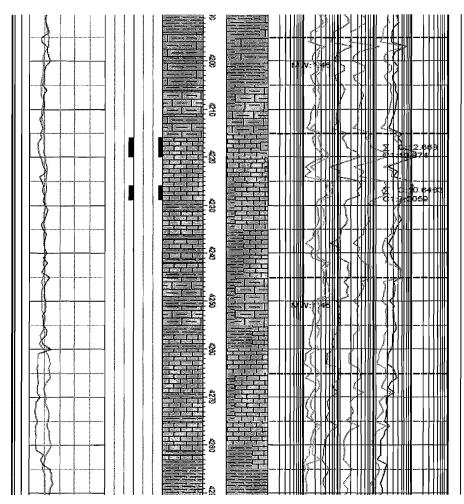


Figure 2-19 - Chapman Aksaz-106 CPI Plot



OF EMIR-OIL CONCESSION BLOCK, ONSHORE KAZAKHSTAN AS OF JULY 1, 2016



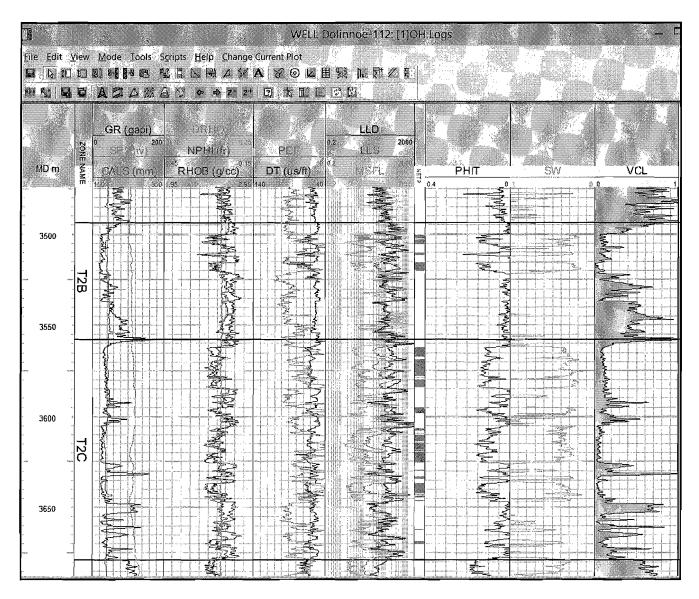
(4208-4229m)CALCAREOUS CLAYSTONE: brownish grey, minor dark grey, trace light grey, subblocky, brittle, hard. CALY LIMESTONE: brownish grey, minor light grey, Yace grey, subblocky, firm, cryptocrystalline, argillaceous not even, no visible porosity, no shows. LIMESTONE: light grey, occasionally greyish brown, subblocky, firm, cryptocrystalline, argillaceous in part, no visible porosity, 4216-4220m 4228-4229m poor shows, no oil stain, rare spotty dull yellow direct fluorescence, rare slowly streaming faint pate yellow cut fluorescence, no visible residual oil, no oil odor. CLAYSTONE: dark grey, occasionally grey, trace brownish grey, subblocky, brittle, hard, heavy calcareous. (4229-4257m)CALY LIMESTONE: brownish grey, minor light grey, trace grey, subblocky, firm, cryptocrystalline, argillaceous not even, no visible porosity, no shows. LIMESTONE: light grey, occasionally grey, shown, subblocky, firm, cryptocrystalline, argillaceous in part, occasionally dolomitic, no visible porosity, no shows. CLAYSTONE: dark grey, minor grey, race brownish grey, subblocky, brittle, hard, heavy calcareous.

(4257-4283m)LIMESTONE: light grey, occasionally brownish grey, subblocky, minor platy, firm, cryptocrystalline to microcrystalline, occasionally dolomitic, trace argillaceous, no visible porosity, no shows. CLAYSTONE: dark grey, minor grey, subblocky, brittle, hard, minor firm, heavy calcareous.

Figure 2-20 - Chapman Aksaz-106 Mud Log (4190 -4290 m)



OF EMIR-OIL CONCESSION BLOCK, ONSHORE KAZAKHSTAN AS OF JULY 1, 2016



Net Pay Flag "NETP" (track 7) of the plot was derived from Set-2 cutoffs:

Figure 2-21 – RPS Petrophysical Results Dolinnoe-112 CPI Plot



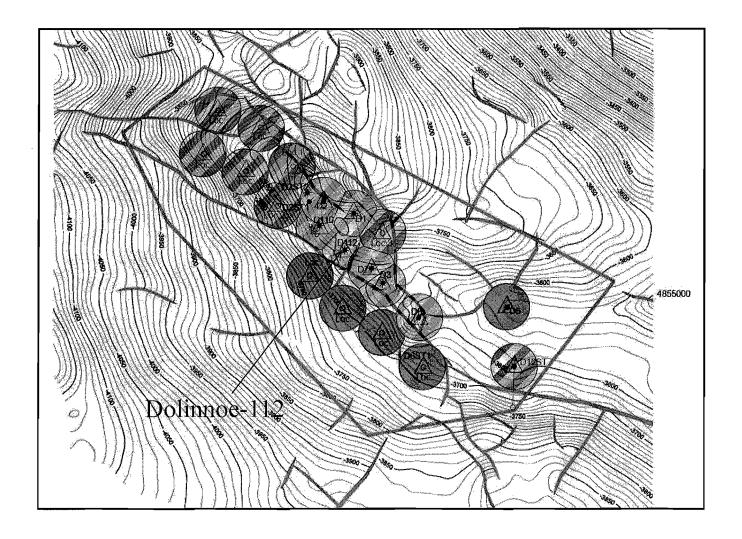


Figure 2-22 - Chapman Report Dolinnoe Field T2B Depth Map



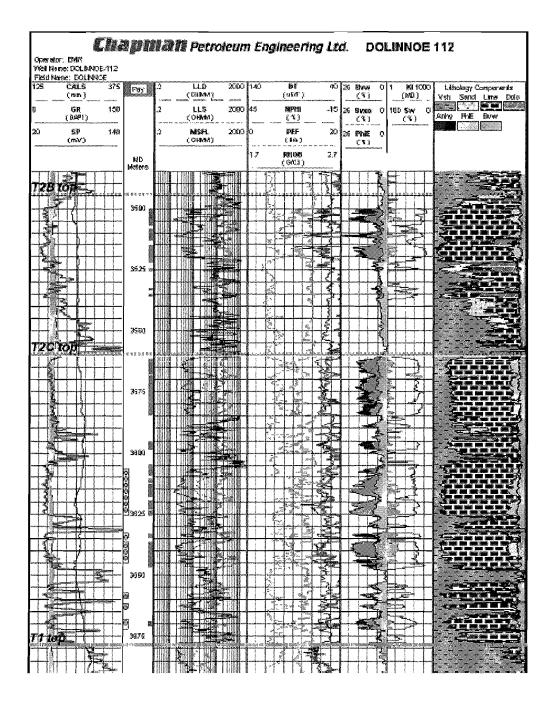
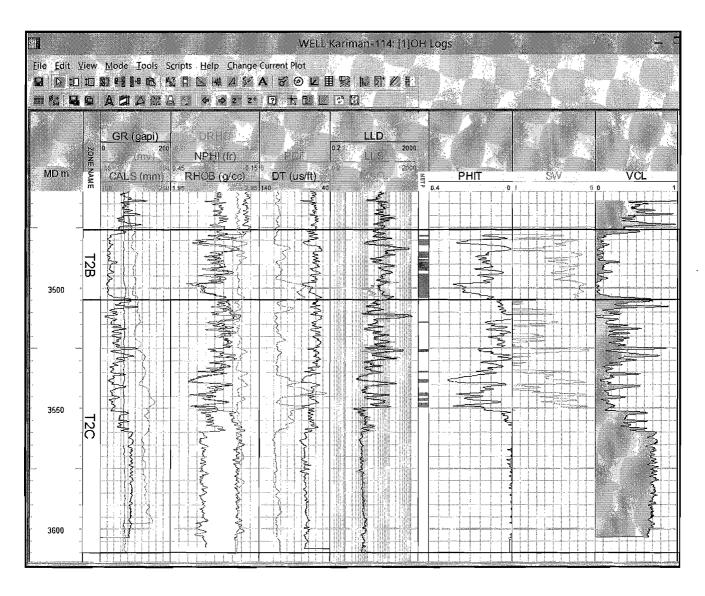


Figure 2-23 - Chapman Report Dolinnoe-112 CPI Plot



of Emir-Oil Concession Block, Onshore Kazakhstan as of July 1, 2016



Net Pay Flag "NETP" (track 7) of the plot was derived from Set-2 cutoffs:

Figure 2-24 – RPS Petrophysical Analysis Results Kariman-114 CPI Plot



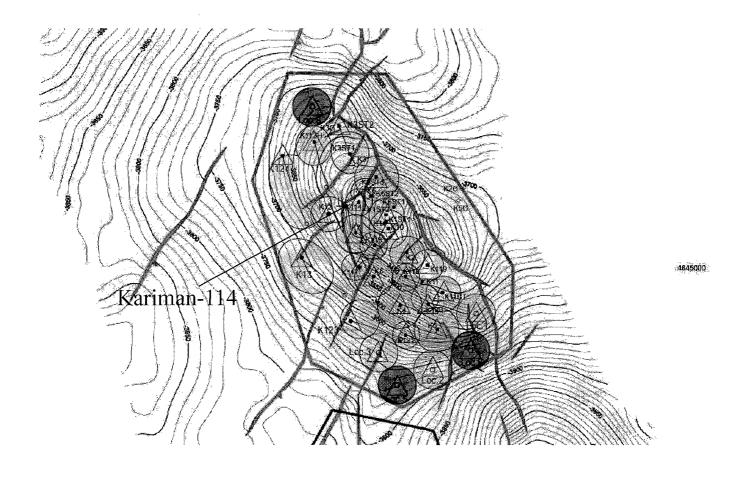


Figure 2-25- Chapman Report Kariman Field T2A Depth Map



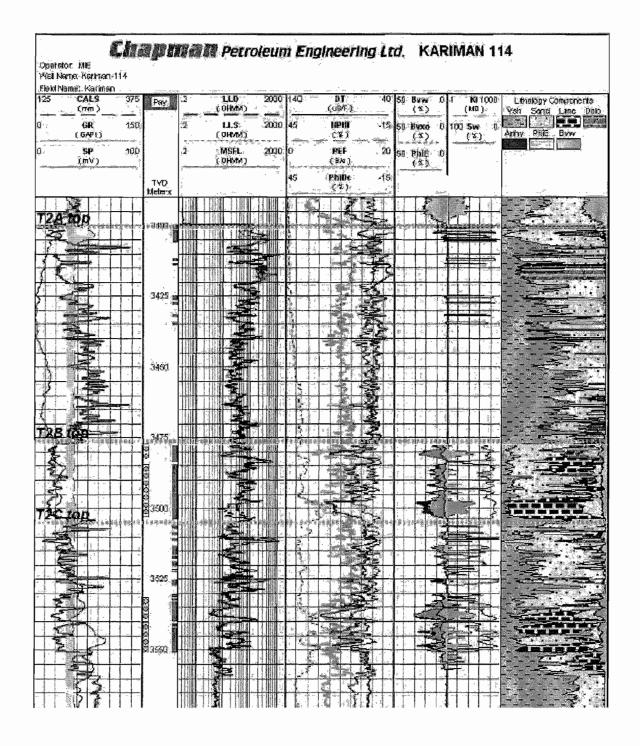
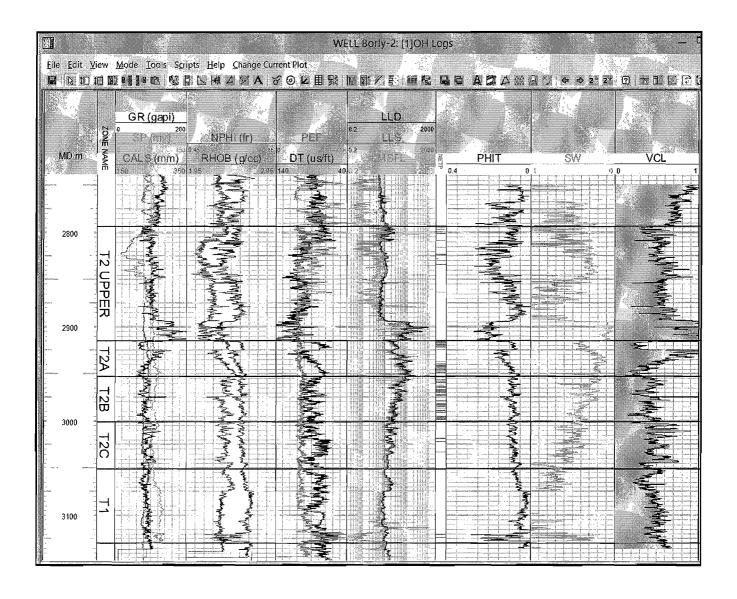


Figure 2-26 - Chapman Report Kariman-114 CPI Plot



OF EMIR-OIL CONCESSION BLOCK, ONSHORE KAZAKHSTAN AS OF JULY 1, 2016



Net Pay Flag "NETP" (track 7) of the plot was derived from Set-2 cutoffs:

Figure 2-27 – RPS Petrophysical Analysis Results Borly-2ST1 CPI Plot



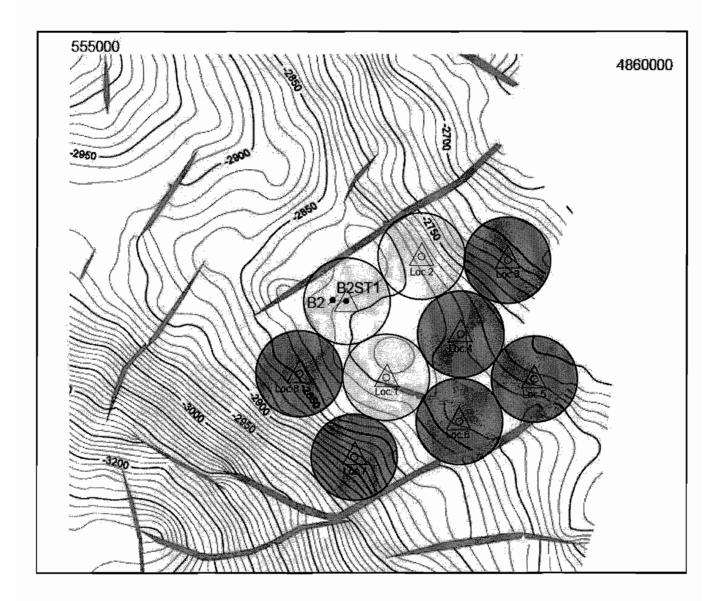


Figure 2-28 – Chapman Report Borly Structure T2 Upper Depth Map



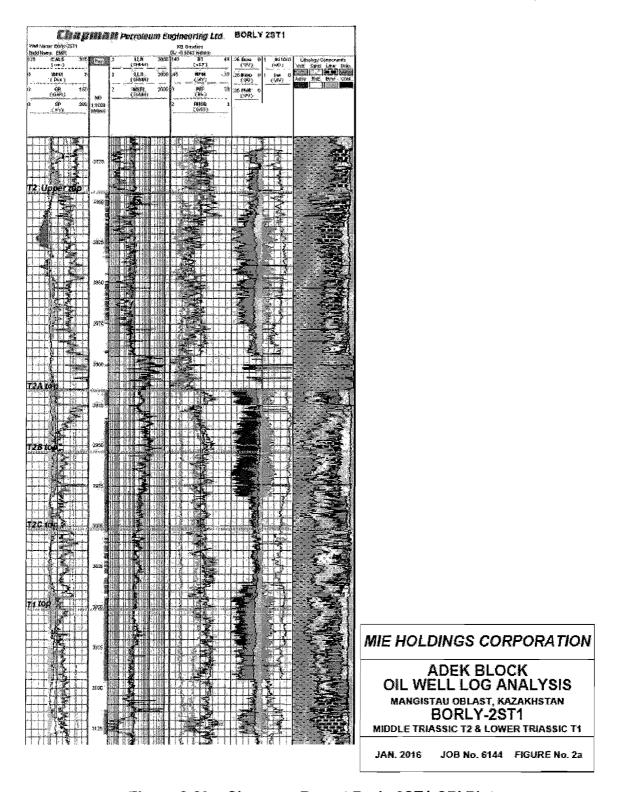
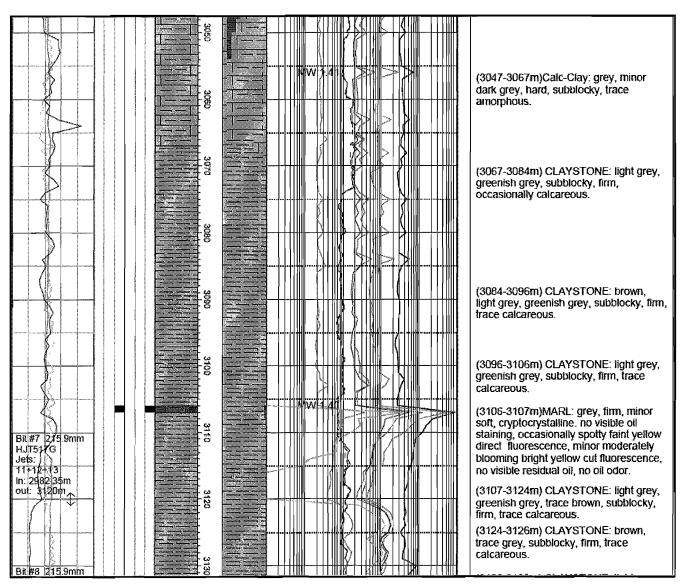


Figure 2-29 - Chapman Report Borly-2ST1 CPI Plot



of Emir-Oil Concession Block, Onshore Kazakhstan as of July 1, 2016



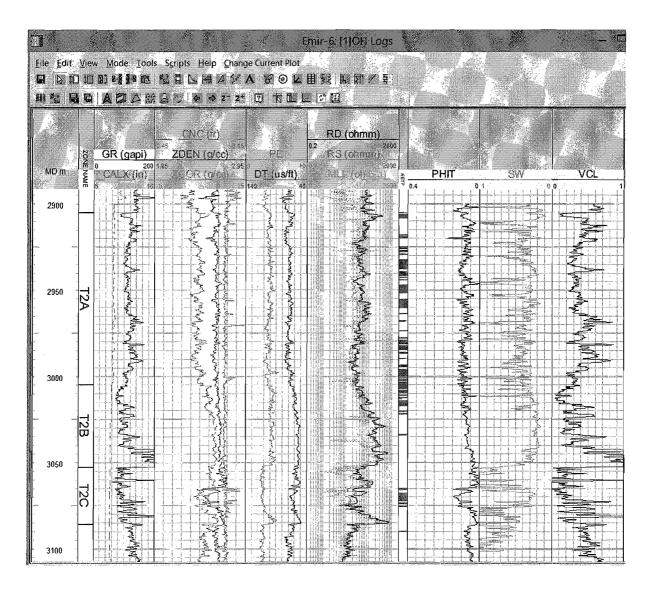
Mainly Claystone, very poor reservoir quality

Figure 2-30 - Borly-2 Formation T1 Mud Logs

rpsgroup.com



OF EMIR-OIL CONCESSION BLOCK, ONSHORE KAZAKHSTAN AS OF JULY 1, 2016



Net Pay Flag "NETP" (track 7) of the plot was derived from Set-2 cutoffs:

Figure 2-31– RPS Petrophysical Analysis Results Emir-6 CPI Plot



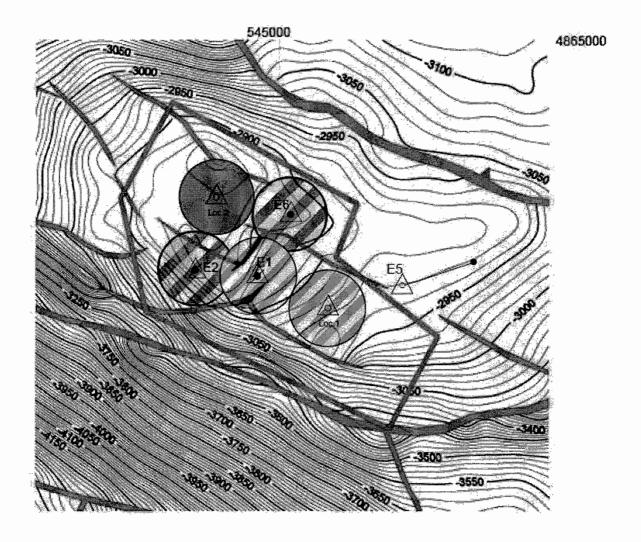


Figure 2-32- Chapman Report Emir Structure T2A Depth Map



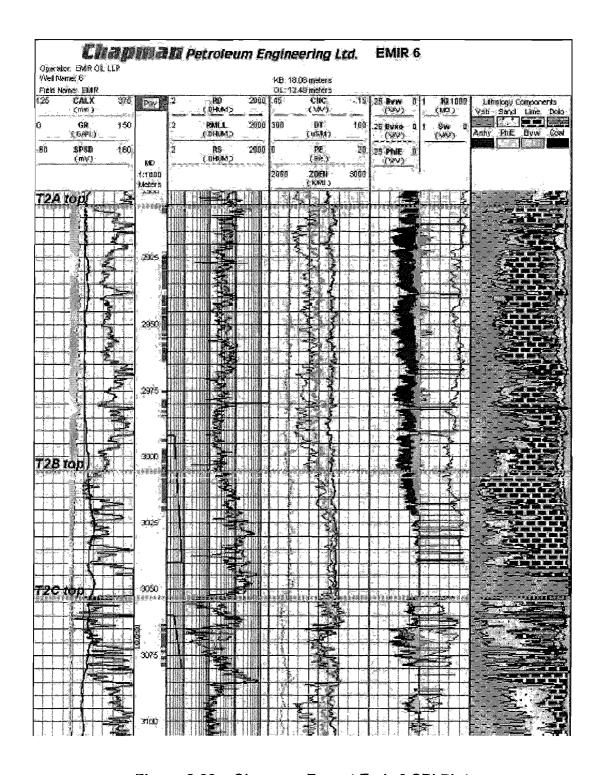
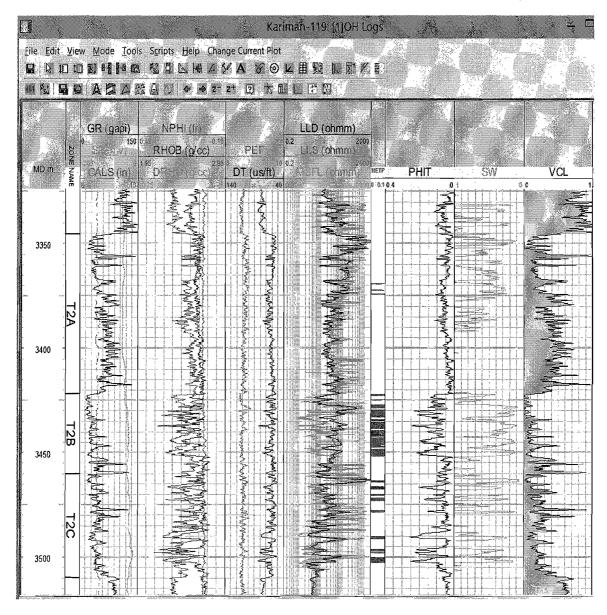


Figure 2-33 - Chapman Report Emir-6 CPI Plot



of Emir-Oil Concession Block, Onshore Kazakhstan as of July 1, 2016



Net Pay Flag "NETP" (track 7) of the plot was derived from Set-2 cutoffs:

Figure 2-34– RPS Petrophysical Analysis Results Kariman-119 CPI Plot



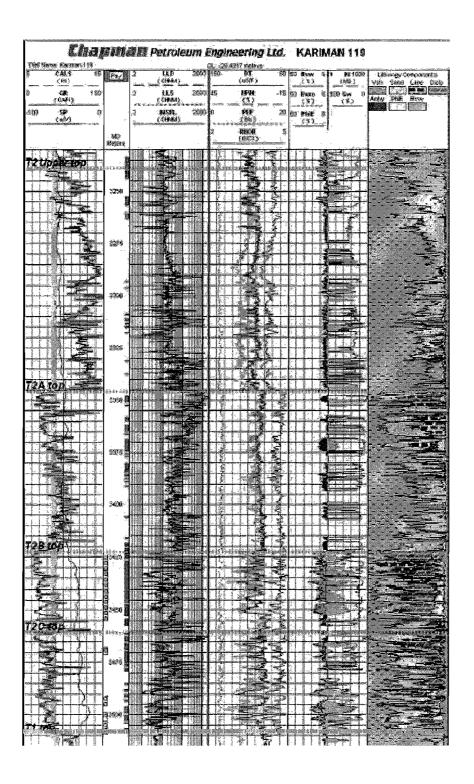
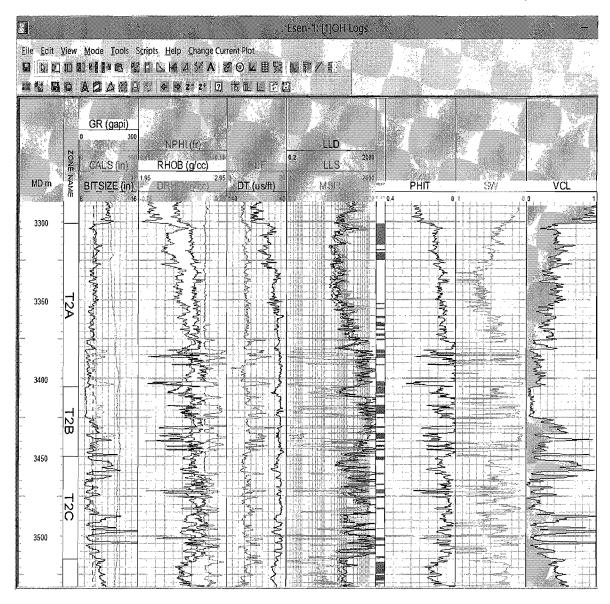


Figure 2-35 - Chapman Report Kariman-119 CPI Plot



of Emir-Oil Concession Block, Onshore Kazakhstan as of July 1, 2016



Net Pay Flag "NETP" (track 7) of the plot was derived from Set-2 cutoffs:

Figure 2-36- RPS Petrophysical Analysis Results Yessen-1 CPI Plot



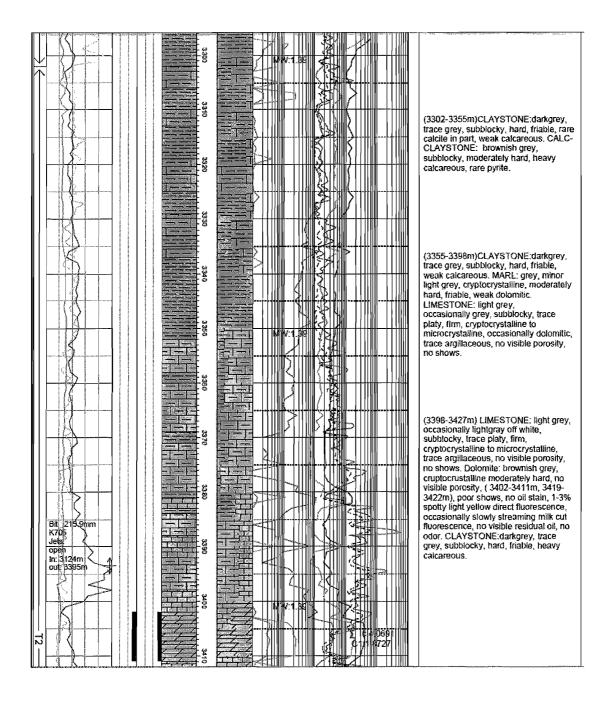


Figure 2-37 - Yessen-1 Formation T2A Mud Logs



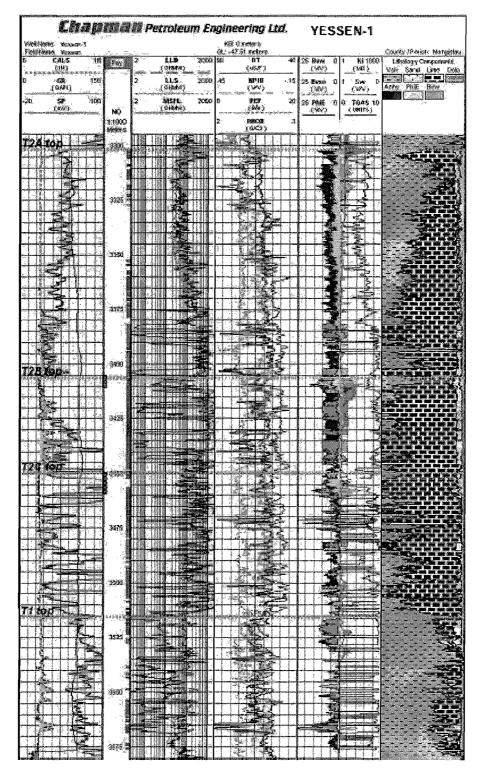


Figure 2-38 - Chapman Report Yessen-1 CPI Plot



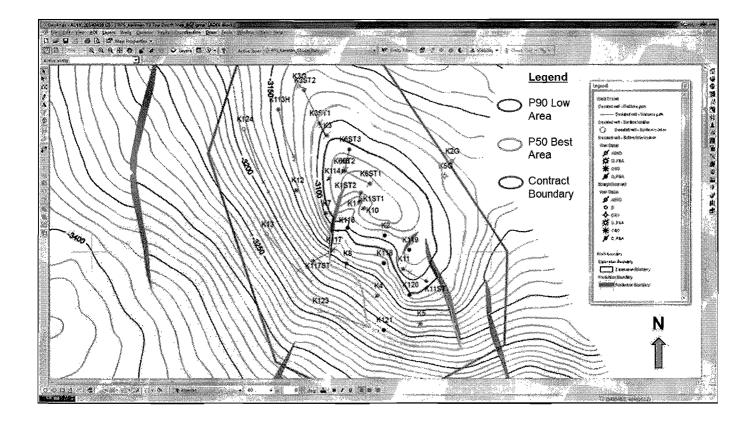


Figure 2-39 – Kariman Field Upper T3 Sands Depth Map (RPS Volumetric Area Estimates)

INDEPENDENT TECHNICAL EXPERT AND VALUATION REPORT (Cont'd)



INDEPENDENT TECHNICAL EXPERT REPORT

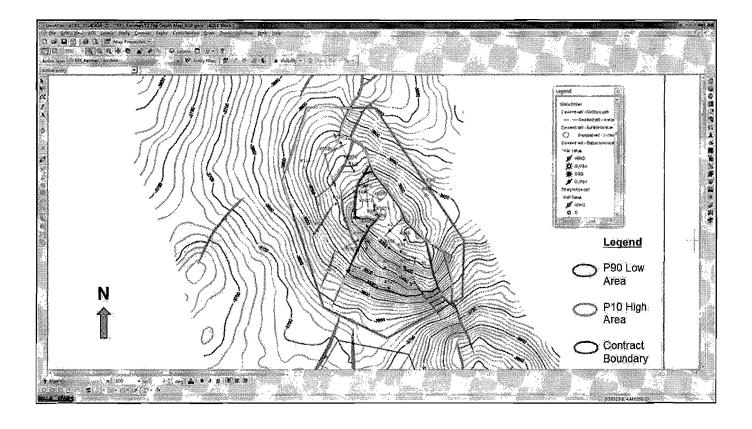


Figure 2-40 – Kariman Field T2 Upper Sands Depth Map (RPS Volumetric Area Estimates)